19BT334 PLANT TISSUE CULTURE

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION TO PLANT TISSUE CULTURE: introduction to plant tissue culture- terms and definitions, historical background, laboratory organization, tools and techniques, methods of sterilization; laboratory contaminants- their control and measures; micropropagation-micropropagation and its applications, types, stages, establishment of propagated plants, micropropagation for large scale multiplication of crop plants, forest trees, medicinal plants and ornamentals.

UNIT-II

MEDIA AND CULTURE PREPARATION: Role of micro and macro nutrients, vitamins and carbon source in tissue culture; Media preparation pH, temperature, solidifying agents and slant preparations, etc. Maintenance of cultures, environmental conditions and explants characteristics.

UNIT-III

CULTURE TECHNIQUES: Explants selection, sterilization, and inoculation; Various media preparations-MS, B5, SH and PC-L2; Callus and cell suspension culture; Hardening- hardening stages, the role of polyhouse, net house, compost, chemical fertilizer, cocopit and soil in hardening.

UNIT-IV

ACCLIMATIZATION: Role of ovary and ovule in *in vitro* fertilization in production of agricultural and horticultural crops; Techniques and significance of androgenesis and gynogenesis (ovary, ovule, egg and synergids culture); Propagation of commercial crops by tissue culture techniques such as banana, sugarcane, papaya, mango, some medicinal and aromatic plants.

UNIT-V

MICROPROPAGATION AND GERMPLASM PRESERVATION: Induction and growth parameters; Culture initiation, callus culture and micropropagation through various explants (leaf, stem, axillary bud, tuber, corms and bulbils); Floriculture - commercial floriculture, production of cut flowers and home floriculture; Disease and pest control in gardening fungicides and pesticides; Germplasm preservation- definition, importance and methods, in-situ and ex-situ conservation, centers of germplasm presentation in India.

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